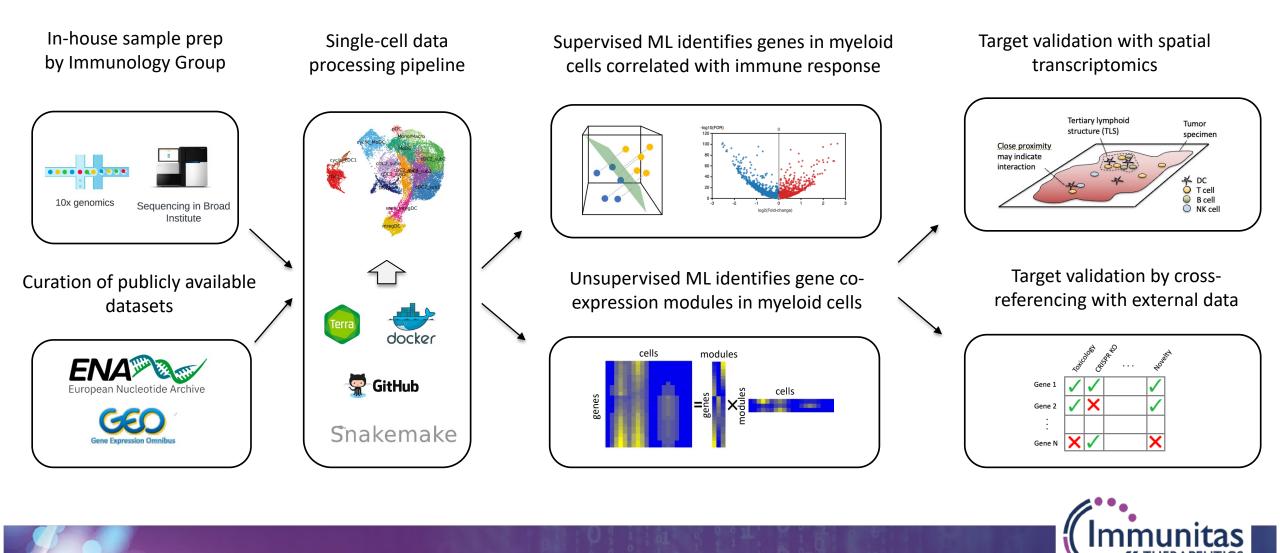


Dissecting myeloid and T cells using spatial transcriptome

Ming Tommy Tang Director of Computational biology, Immunitas 07/18/2023

interaction niches in the TME

Overview of Immunitas Integrated Computational Pipeline & Workflow for Novel Drug Target Identification



2

Location, Location, Location

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Technology Feature Published: 06 January 2021

Method of the Year: spatially resolved transcriptomics

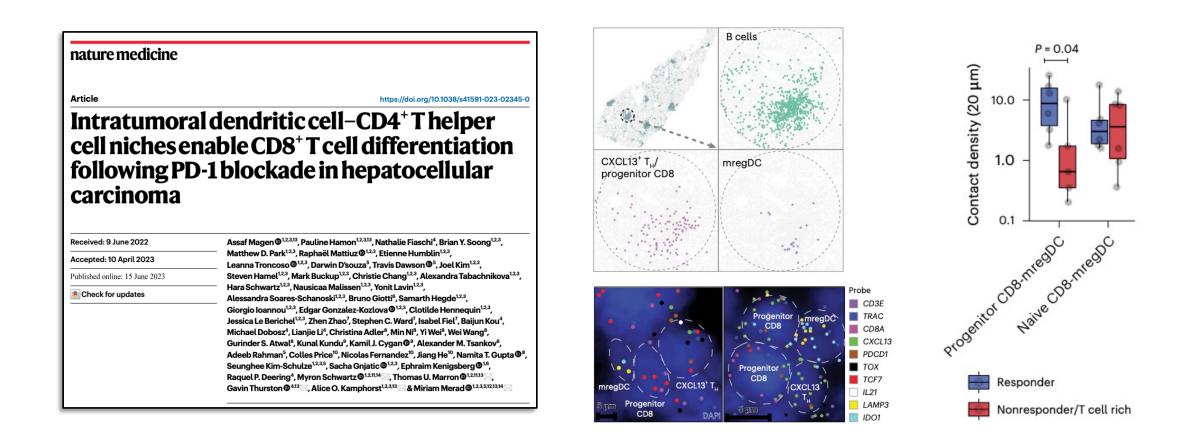
<u>Vivien Marx</u> 🗠

Nature Methods 18, 9–14 (2021) Cite this article



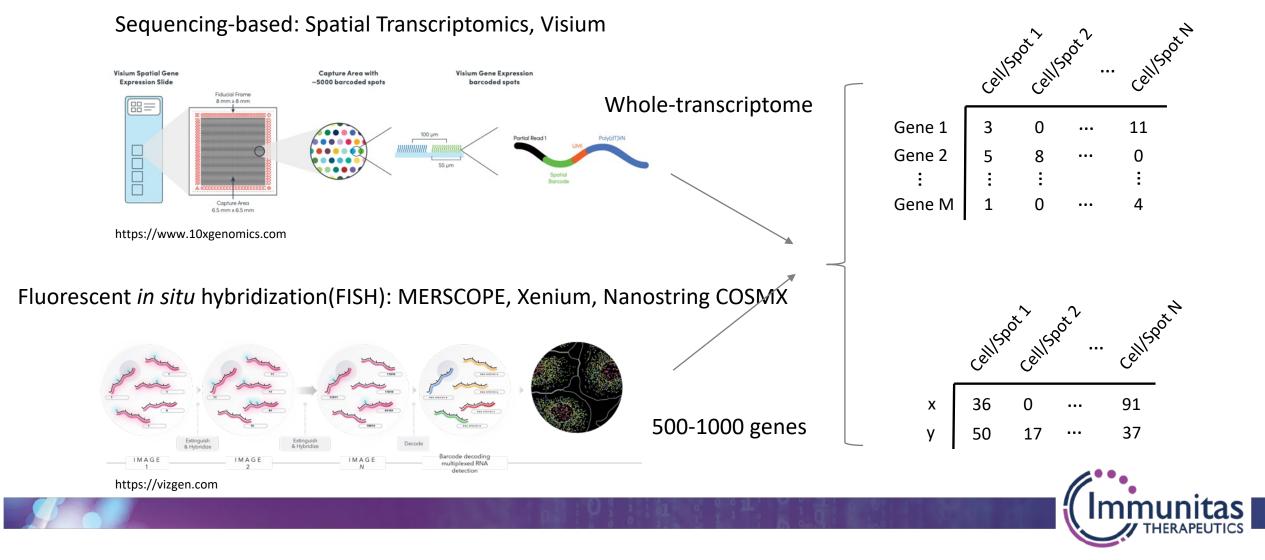


Spatial transcriptomics enables exploration of cellular niches in the tissue microenvironment





Spatial transcriptomics: spatially resolved gene expression



Exploring cellular niches in tumors with Monkeybread

 Monkeybread is a Python package developed at Immunitas that facilitates exploration of cellular organization in spatial transcriptomics data



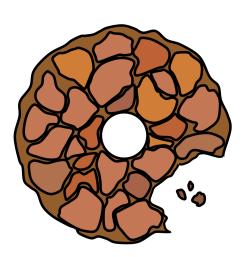


- Available at GitHub: <u>https://github.com/immunitastx/monkey</u> <u>bread</u>
- Developed by Dillon Scott and Matt Bernstein



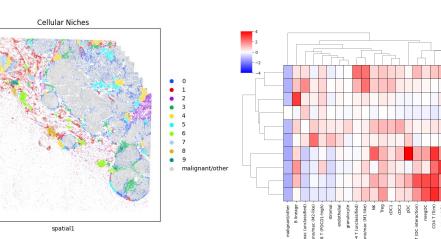


Exploring cellular niches in tumors with Monkeybread

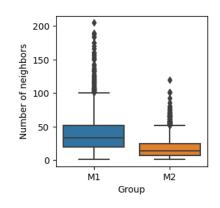


Monkeybread

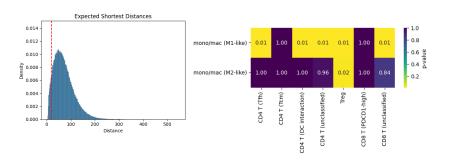
Identify cellular niches



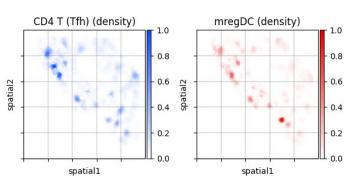
Explore cell type enrichment in niches Compare neighborhood composition between cell types



Statistical tests for cell co-localization

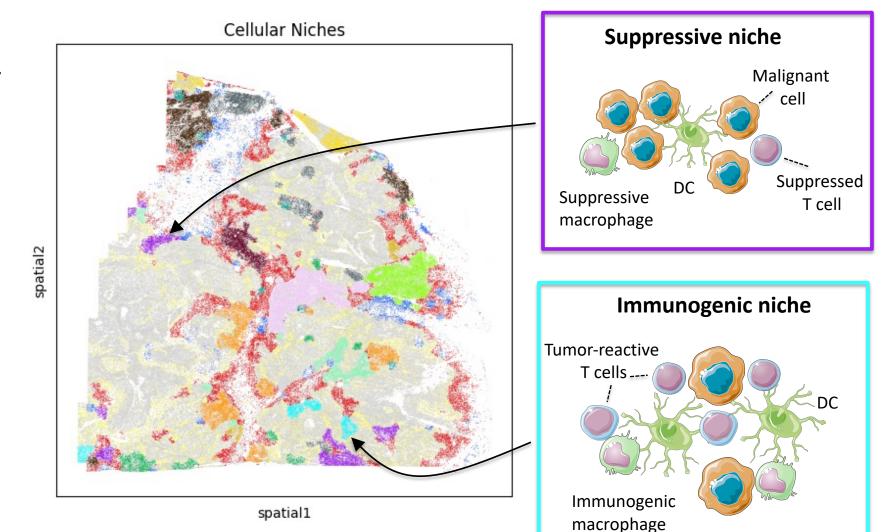


Compare spatial distribution between cell types



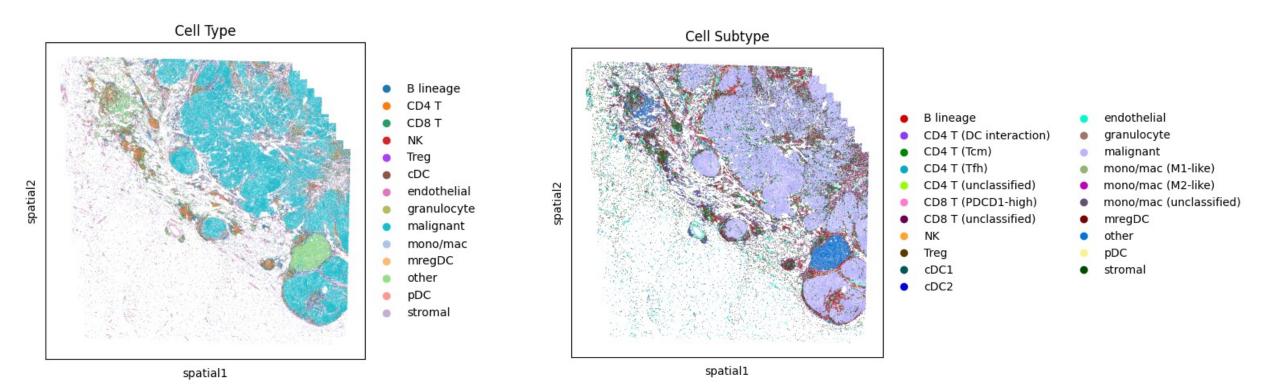
Comparing Immune cells located in anti vs. pro-tumor cellular niches

- Identify niches of colocalizing cell types and phenotypes in the TME
- Compare gene expression between cells in suppressive vs. immunogenic niches

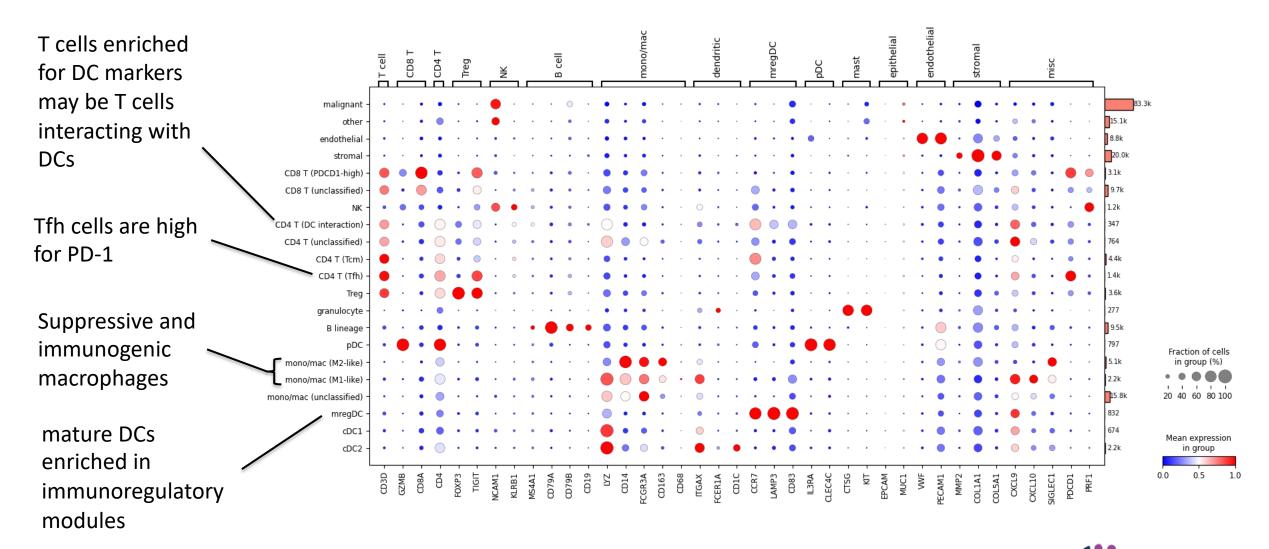


Case study: Human melanoma sample

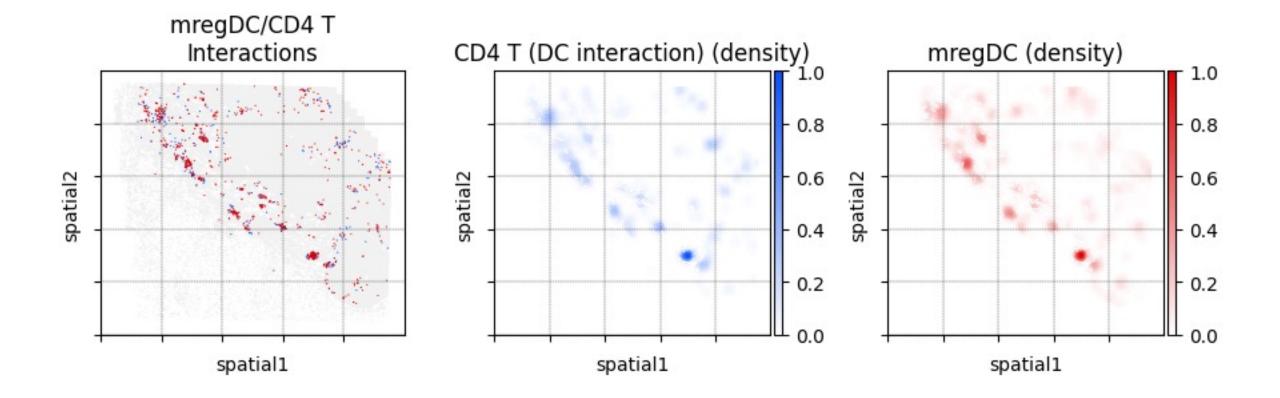
- Retrieved and annotated a melanoma dataset from Vizgen's public immuno-oncology data release
 - <u>https://vizgen.com/human-ffpe-immunooncology-release-roadmap/</u>



Fine-grained cell type annotations



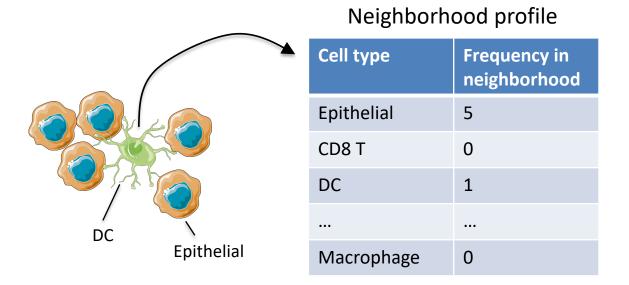
DC-marker-expressing CD4 T cells co-localize with mregDCs

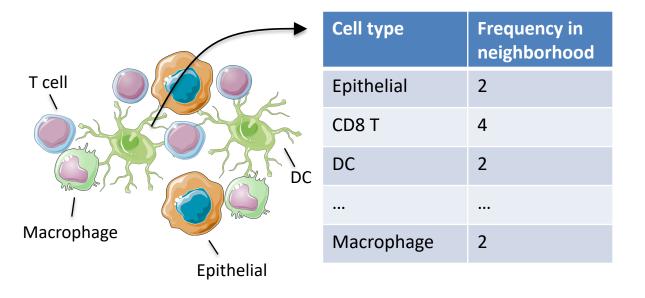




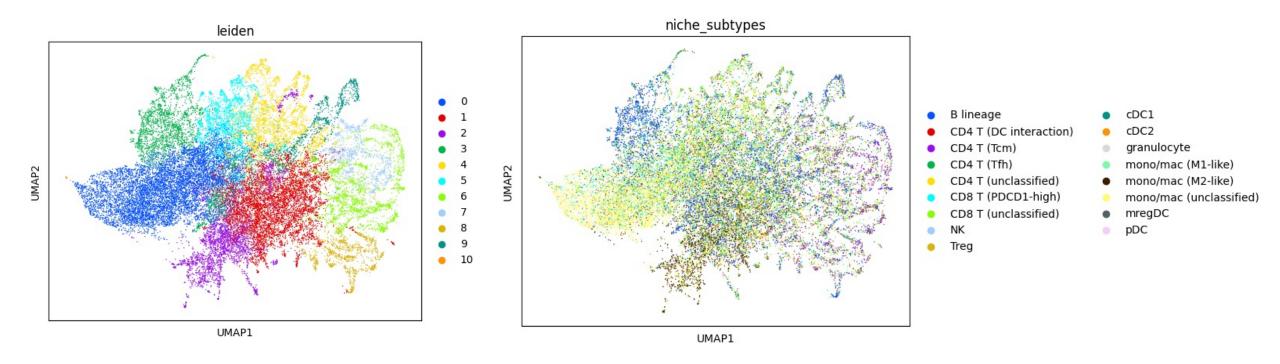
Computing neighborhood profiles

- For each cell, determine the frequency of cell types in its neighborhood
- 2. Assign each cell a "profile" of neighbor-frequencies
- 3. Normalize cellular frequencies to account for very common cell types (e.g., malignant cells)
- 4. Clusters of neighborhood profiles define cellular niches





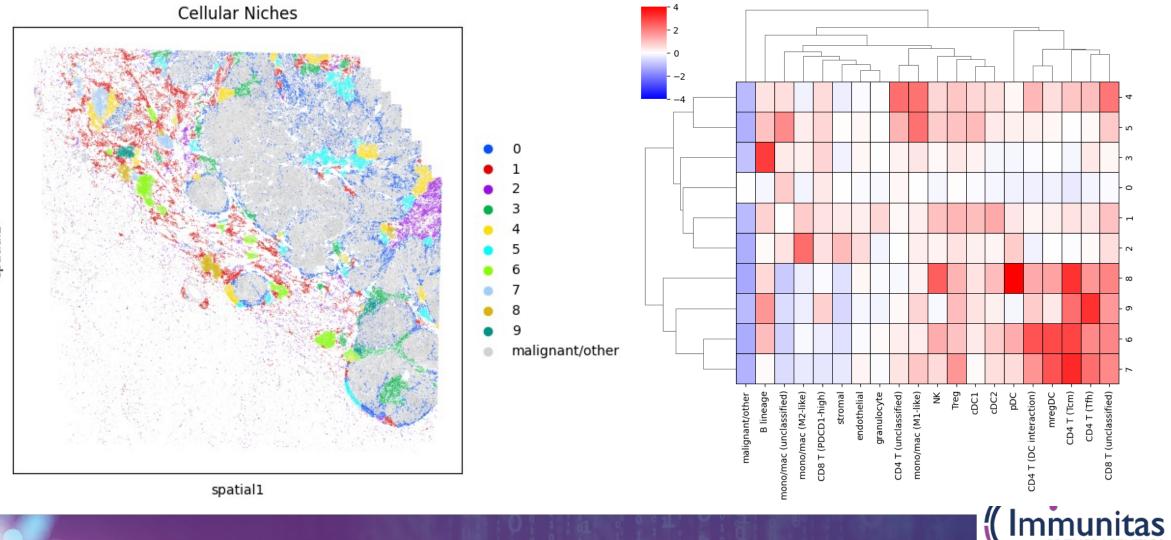
Define cellular niches as clusters of neighborhood profiles



A cellular niche: a spatial region containing a similar composition of the different cell types



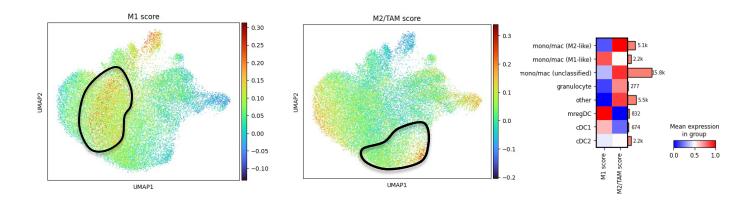
Niche analysis characterizes heterogeneity of tumor microenvironment

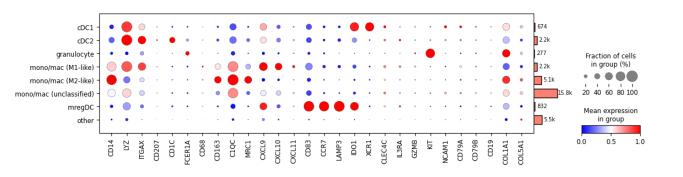


spatial2

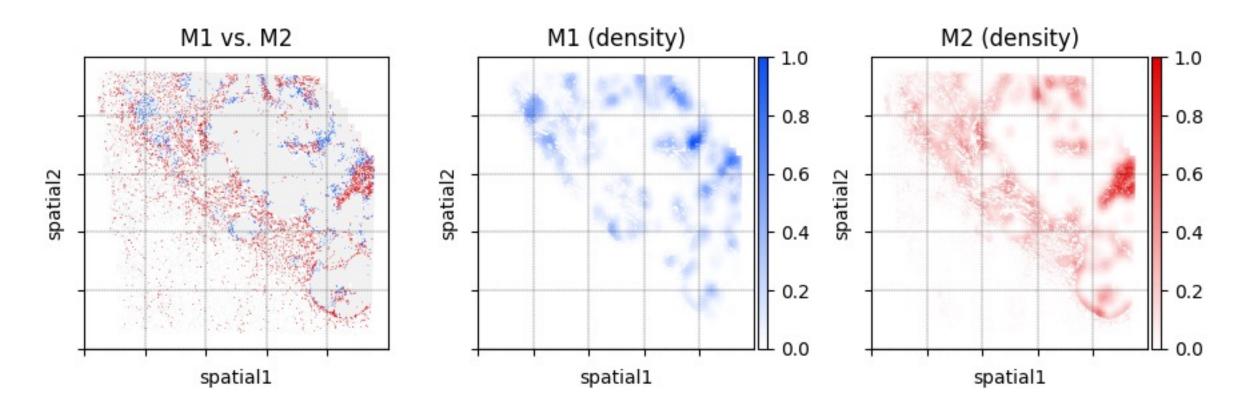
Vignette: Immunogenic vs. suppressive macrophages

- Examination of myeloid cells revealed a population enriched for an M2 signature (suppressive) and M1 signature (immunogenic)
 - Signatures derived from in-house in vitro experiments





Macrophages with an immunogenic phenotype are in different regions from those with a suppressive phenotype

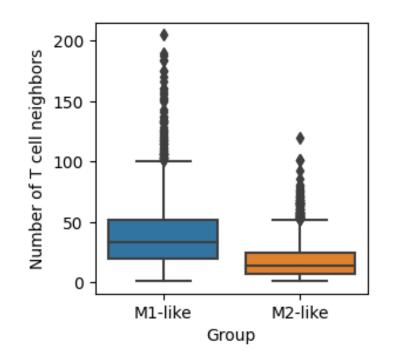


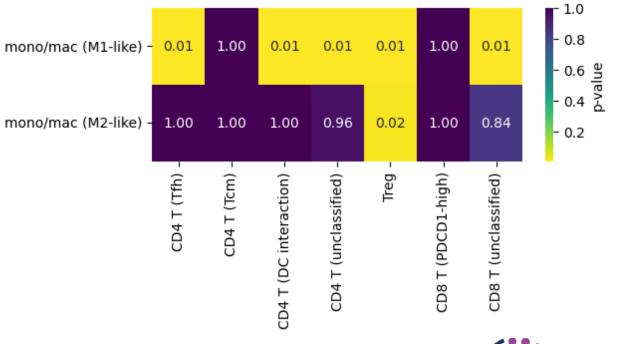


Immunogenic macrophages co-locate with T cells whereas suppressive macrophages co-locate with Tregs

Compare number of T cells in vicinity of macrophages of each phenotype

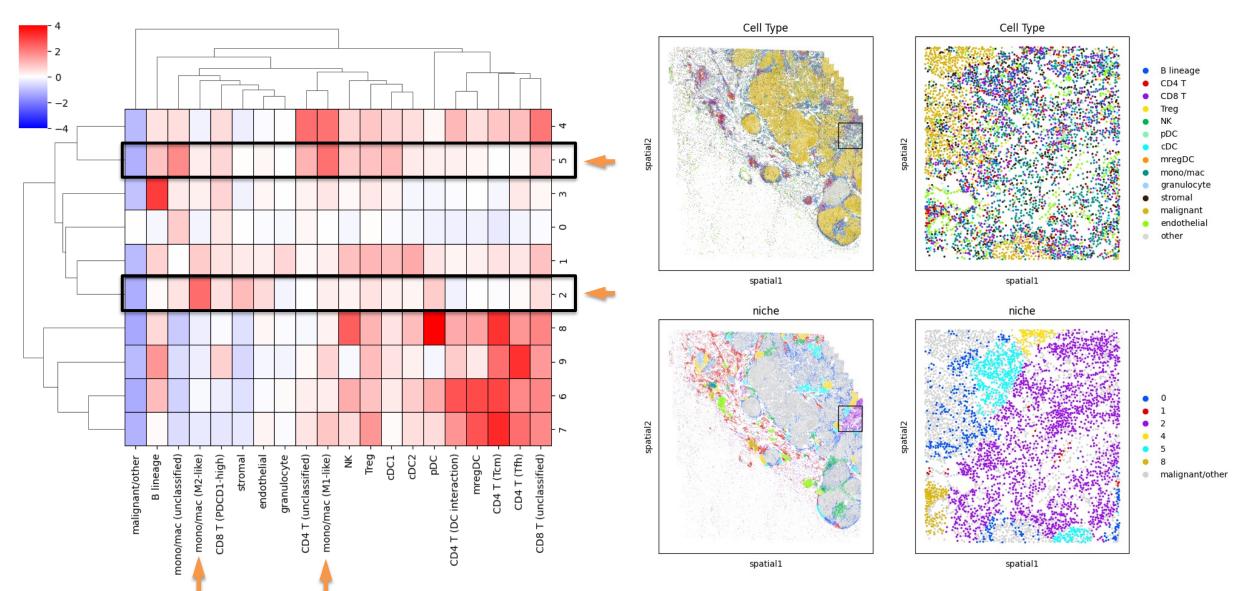
Permutation test examining distance of macrophages to their nearest T cell neighbor



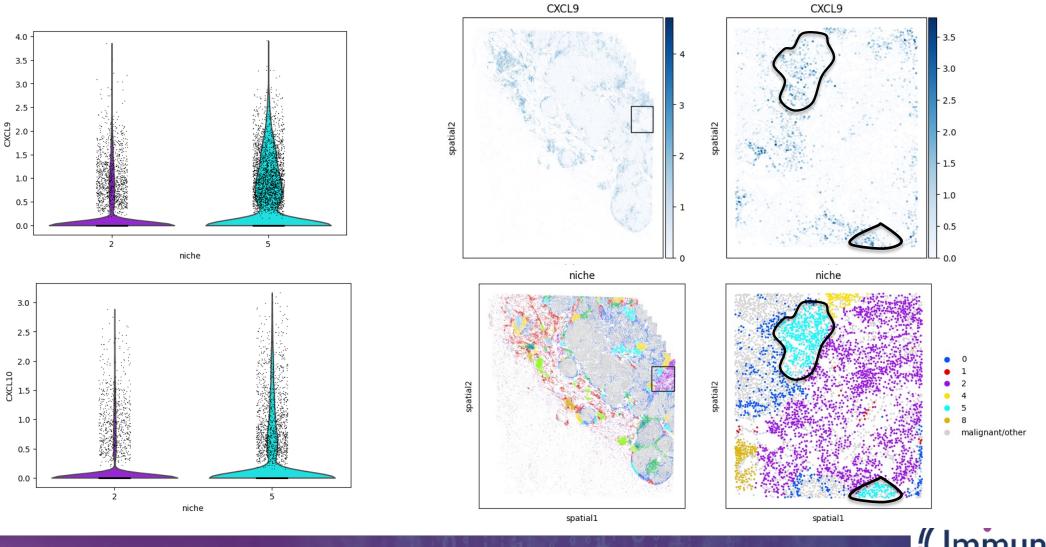




Niche 2 and 5 are enriched for suppressive vs. immunogenic macrophages



Niche 2 and 5 differ in expression of interferon response genes



THERAPEUTICS

Vignette: Spatial distribution of DC-T cell interaction

 mregDCs tend to co-locate with CD4 T cells (especially PD-1-high Tfh cells)

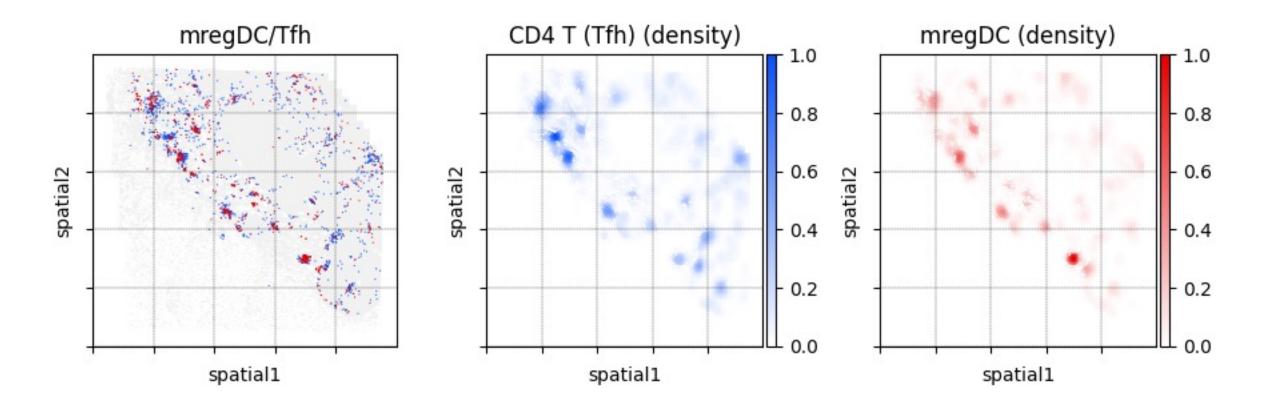
• We identify a niche enriched for mregDCs and CD4 T cells

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cells shape		nicroenviron	s with dendritic ment and immune
<u>Merav Cohen</u> ⊡, <u>Ami</u>	<u>ir Giladi, Oren Barboy, Pa</u>	<u>uline Hamon, Baoguo L</u>	i, <u>Mor Zada, Anna Gurevich-</u>
			i, <u>Mor Zada, Anna Gurevich-</u> <u>Buckup, Iris Kamer, Aleksandra</u>
Shapiro, Cristian Gab	oriel Beccaria, Eyal David	, <u>Barbara B. Maier</u> , <u>Mark</u>	



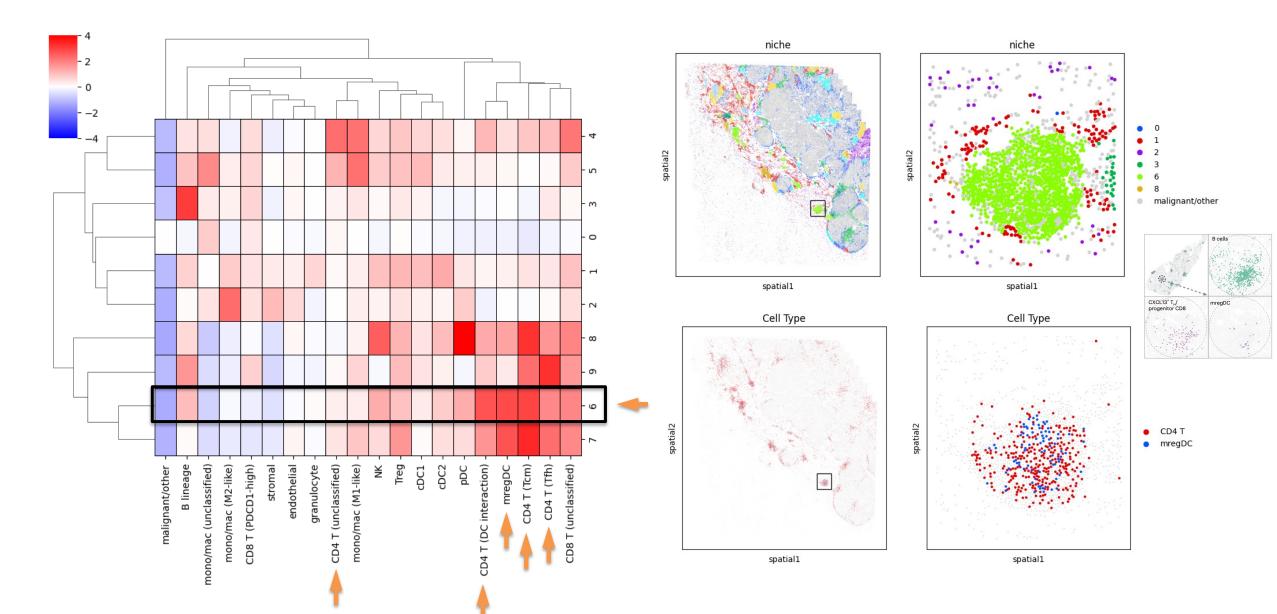


mregDCs and PD-1-high Tfh cells co-localize



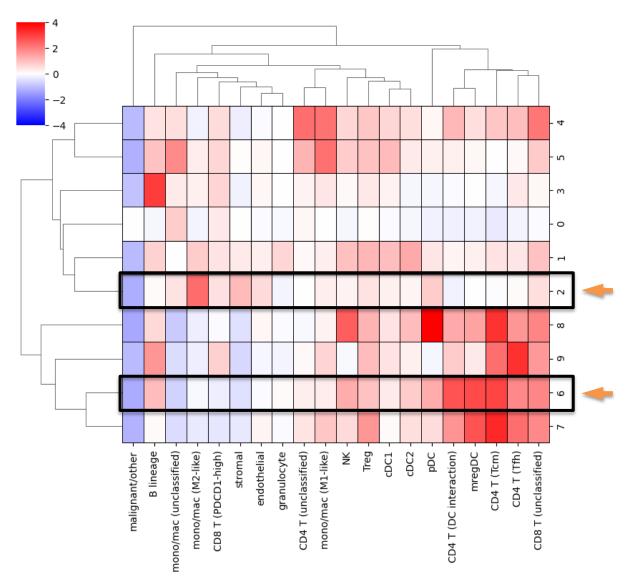


Niche 6 is particularly enriched for mregDCs and CD4 T cells



Vignette: Comparing T cells between immunogenic vs. suppressive niches

- Compare T cells located in Niches 2 and 6
 - Excluding Tregs
- Perform differential expression analysis between these two groups of T cells



Differentially expressed genes higher in Niche 6 indicate T cell activation

 92 DE genes (adj. p < 0.05) in Niche 6 T cells are enriched for interferon response and T cell activation as evidenced by Gene Set Enrichment Analysis

- Enriched GO terms (adj. p < 0.1) include:
 - Activation of immune response
 - Alpha beta T cell activation
 - Antigen receptor mediated signaling



Summary

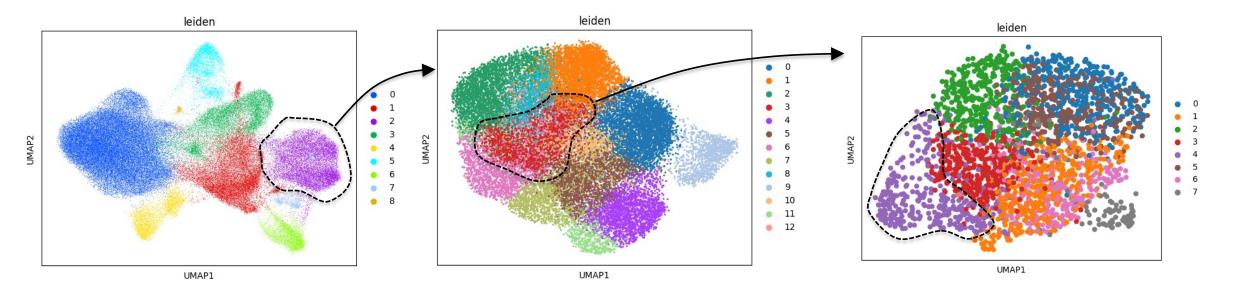
- Spatial transcriptomics is a powerful tool for exploring cellular organization within the tissue microenvironment
- Monkeybread is a Python package that implements a suite of tools to facilitate such analyses
- We applied Monkeybread to a melanoma sample and identified cellular niches that may be sites of both immune activation and suppression

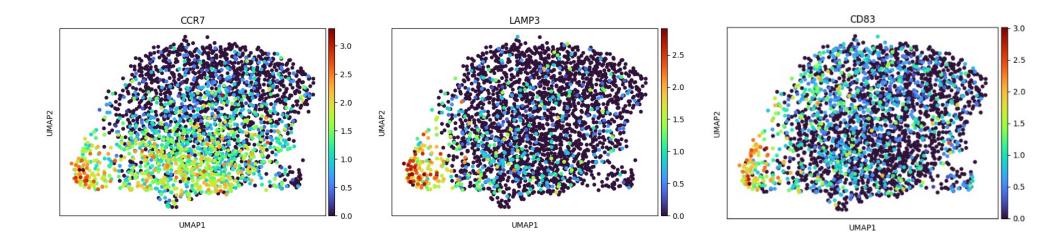


Extra slides



A subcluster of cells in the T cell cluster over-express mregDC markers





Spatial data analysis resources

https://lmweber.org/OSTA-book/spatialexperiment.html

<u>https://github.com/crazyhottommy/awesome_spatial_omics</u>









